

令和 7 年度

熊本県立大学 環境共生学部

一般選抜(前期日程) 個別学力検査

英語

問題用紙

- (1) 問題は、全部で3問(問題Ⅰ～問題Ⅲ)あります。3問とも答えなさい。
- (2) 答えは、必ず解答用紙に記入しなさい。
- (3) すべての解答用紙の所定の欄に受験番号、氏名を記入しなさい。
- (4) この問題用紙は、持ち帰って結構です。

末尾に問題訂正(補足)の内容を添付しています。
(当日配付または板書により周知したもの。)

(入試問題は， 4 ページからです。)

(入試問題は， 4 ページからです。)

次の問題Ⅰ～問題Ⅲに答えなさい。

問題Ⅰ 次の文の空欄に入る最も適切な語句を選び、解答欄に記号で答えなさい。

1. After many years, her knit scarf finally _____.
A. raveled
B. traveled
C. unraveled
D. rebelled
2. When the lights came on _____ the damage.
A. we see
B. we seen
C. we could see
D. we could seen
3. The stock-market _____ as soon as the nuclear accident happened.
A. crushed
B. crash
C. crush
D. crashed
4. You should meet the section chief at _____ four tomorrow afternoon.
A. a quarter to
B. a quarter
C. a quarter in
D. a to quarter
5. Having already _____ Matt, I felt it was time to go.
A. ring
B. has rang
C. rung
D. has rung
6. All university classes _____ until August 10th.
A. will be canceling
B. will canceled
C. will be cancel
D. will be canceled

7. The policeman stopped the bike with _____.
A. on it three men
B. three men on it
C. men three on it
D. threes men
8. President Abraham Lincoln delivered many _____ speeches in his life.
A. memorable
B. memories
C. memorably
D. remembering
9. Hey! There's a goat _____ middle of the road!
A. standing the
B. standing
C. standing in the
D. standing in
10. The details of the disappearance _____
A. are as follows:
B. are follow:
C. are as following:
D. are is follows:
11. What happened to the barn that _____?
A. used to there
B. used to
C. used to stand there
D. used to at there
12. Mr. Thomas showed us the new website used _____.
A. by company
B. a company
C. by in company
D. by the company
13. The volunteer group delivered newsletters _____ crisis.
A. during the
B. durings
C. the during
D. in during

14. Susan's _____ is her ability to type fast.
- A. strong skill
 - B. strong
 - C. strongest skill
 - D. skill strongest
15. _____ the office supply store receives new products.
- A. A month once,
 - B. In a month,
 - C. Once month,
 - D. Once a month,
16. The symphony orchestra _____ a top new director.
- A. required
 - B. acquired
 - C. admired
 - D. conspired
17. Donations _____ to fund the new church renovation.
- A. accept
 - B. accepted
 - C. are accepted
 - D. are accepting
18. People _____ must go to the front desk.
- A. out pass
 - B. with pass out
 - C. with pass
 - D. without passes
19. The young college student _____ to pass the final exam.
- A. strode
 - B. strove
 - C. strive
 - D. stroven
20. Two large buses _____ the bridge!
- A. collided on just
 - B. collided just
 - C. just on collided
 - D. just collided on

問題Ⅱ 次の文を読んで、各質問に対して最も適切な答えを選び、解答欄に記号で答えなさい。

Angkor Wat, located in Siem Reap, Cambodia, is the world's largest religious building and consists of both temples and a mausoleum. Built in the 12th century, Angkor Wat was created around available water for life and sustenance. The civilization there used water from monsoons to build waterways, aqueducts and canals, and created ponds, reservoirs and moats that were used to store the precious water to be used in everyday life. The Kingdom used it, the government used it, and it was provided to hundreds of civilians and families who worked for the government and lived in the area.

However, a massive flood came in the mid 1200's, disabling the water system. Then in the 13th century, terrible droughts, or times with no rain or water came, and the people found living difficult. Their water dried up; their canals went waterless, and the water they relied on for centuries seemed to be gone. Then, in the 15th century, Angkor Wat and the surrounding civilization collapsed as more and more moved to the southern city of Phnom Penh, which eventually became the country's capital. Monks continued to worship Angkor Wat, but eventually the temple seemingly disappeared into the jungle.

After the fall of Angkor Wat, it sat idle in the jungles of Cambodia for four centuries. During that time, it was overtaken by trees and became hidden in the vast forest. In the late 19th century, it was finally re-discovered by French naturalist, Henri Mouhot, who called it a beautiful and magnificent building. In the early 20th century work began on restoring Angkor Wat. Since then, Cambodia regained independence from France and shaped Angkor Wat into one of the most fascinating tourist destinations in the world. In 2019, 2.4 million travelers went through its gates. Most travelers visit for tourism, but researchers and businessmen also visit. It was also nominated as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1992.

Question 1.

The best title for this article is:

- A. The Importance of Water
- B. Angkor Wat: Fall of a Civilization
- C. The Background of Cambodian Water
- D. A Decaying Temple in the Jungle

Question 2.

Around what did the civilization build Angkor Wat?

- A. Jungle trees in the area.
- B. Rock mined locally.
- C. Water from monsoons.
- D. Religious worship.

Question 3.

According to the article, what was NOT a method used for storing water?

- A. Ponds
- B. Motes
- C. Reservoirs
- D. Lakes

Question 4.

What is another meaning for the word *drought* underlined?

- A. Times with not enough water.
- B. Times with too many wars.
- C. Times with too much water.
- D. Times with not enough food.

Question 5.

According to the article, how long did Angkor Wat remain asleep?

- A. 4 million years
- B. 4,000 years
- C. 4 decades
- D. 400 years

Question 6.

In what year-range was the temple rediscovered?

- A. 1800–1850
- B. 1850–1900
- C. 1900–1950
- D. 1700–1750

Question 7.

How many travelers visited Angkor Wat in 2019?

- A. 240,000
- B. 24,000
- C. 2,400,000,000
- D. 2,400,000

Question 8.

Why did the civilization move south?

- A. Their water dried up and they found living difficult.
- B. They had a war and many people died.
- C. They liked the south and wanted to move there.
- D. Their king was from the south.

Question 9.

What happened in 1992?

- A. Angkor Wat was found.
- B. Angkor Wat opened to the public.
- C. Angkor Wat was closed.
- D. Angkor Wat became a World Heritage Site.

Question 10.

What do the majority of travelers visit Angkor Wat for?

- A. To do business.
- B. For aid work.
- C. To go sightseeing.
- D. For research.

問題Ⅲ 次の問いに200語以上の英文で答えなさい。

Many educators and citizens think that classes relating to environmental issues should be part of the required curricula in Japanese high schools. However, some people think that it is not necessary. Write about which side you agree with and why you think so.

令和7年度 熊本県立大学一般選抜 前期日程試験
問題の補足

環境共生学部（環境資源学専攻・居住環境学専攻・食健康環境学専攻）

英語

【問題の補足】

○問題用紙 7ページ 問題Ⅱにおける、
問題文（3段落の2行目）の文言について、以下のとおり補足します。

「19th」は「19th（上付き文字）」と同じ意味です。